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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/575,997	04/17/2006	Richard L. Schuster	R029 1410.3	8940
26158 7590 10/30/2008 WOMBLE CARLYLE SANDRIDGE & RICE, PLLC ATTN: PATENT DOCKETING 32ND FLOOR P.O. BOX 7037 ATLANTA, GA 30357-0037			EXAMINER	
			ELKINS, GARY E	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No. Applicant(s)				
	10/575,997	SCHUSTER, RICHARD L.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Gary E. Elkins	3782			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 Ju 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E 	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 4,5,7-20,26-39 and 41-46 is/are pendiday of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 4,5,7-20,26-39 and 41-46 is/are reject 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner is/are is/are is/are is/are is/are as Indiana.	vn from consideration. ted. r election requirement. r.	- Vo minor			
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the confidence are replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction at the confidence are replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction at the confidence are replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction at the confidence are replacement as the confidence are	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 20080717, 20080728.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	nte			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. Claims 4, 5, 7-20, 36-39 and 41-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 4, lines 21, 24, 25, 28, 31, 33, 35, 36, 40, 42-44 and 48, "the first side end flap", "the second side end flap", "said first side end flap" and "said second side end flap" are each unclear insofar as part (a) of the claim defines a plurality of first side end flaps and a plurality of second side end flaps, i.e. which of the plurality is being referred to? The remaining claims are replete with the same indefiniteness regarding the first and second side end flaps.

In claim 4, line 38 and 39, and claim 5, line 11 from the end, it is unclear what previously defined structure is being defined as "having a second insert aperture...".

In claim 14, lines 2 and 3, it is unclear how a single fold line is between the top panel and both the first top end flap and the second top end flap, i.e. it would appear that a fold line is between the top panel and each of the top end flaps as disclosed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 13-15, 36-39, 41, 42 and 46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brown et al (US 5,350,109) in view of Wilson (US 5,072,876) and

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either Sutherland et al (US 6,112,977) or Skolik et al (US 6,170,741). Brown et al discloses all structure of the claimed carton except an insert or inserts having corresponding apertures matching the end apertures in the carton and, with respect to claims 14 and 15, formation of insert with fold lines formed with apertures. Wilson teaches that it is known to reinforce end handle apertures in a carton using an underlying panel insert (36, 58) and, with respect to claims 14 and 15, to form the foldlines in the insert using perforations. Each of Sutherland et al and Skolik et al teaches that it is known to form an insert as a separate element secured to the carton. It would have been obvious to reinforce the end wall handle apertures in Brown et al with an insert or inserts as taught by Wilson and to form the insert or inserts as a separate element(s) as taught by either Sutherland et al or Skolik et al as a matter of combining the elements according to known methods to yield the predictable results. See KSR Int'l Co. v. Teleflex Inc., 127 S. Ct. 1727, 1742; 82 USPO2d 1385, 1396 (2007). With respect to claims 14 and 15, it would further have been obvious to form the insert in modified Brown et al using perforated foldlines as is further taught by Wilson to allow less stress on the foldlines during folding of the two plies and easier folding of the insert.

4. Claims 36-39, 41 and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brown et al in view of Wilson and JP '243 (Japan 47-7243). Brown et al discloses all structure of the claimed carton except inserts having corresponding apertures matching the end apertures in the carton. Wilson teaches that it is known to reinforce end handle apertures in a carton using an underlying panel insert (36, 58). JP'243 teaches that it is known to form the reinforcement for end panel apertures using underlying separate inserts for each handle aperture. It would have been obvious to reinforce the end wall handle apertures in Brown et al with an insert as taught by

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Wilson and to form the insert as a plurality of separate inserts as taught by JP '243 as a matter of combining the elements according to known methods to yield the predictable results. See <u>KSR</u> Int'l Co. v. Teleflex Inc., 127 S. Ct. 1727, 1742; 82 USPQ2d 1385, 1396 (2007).

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- 5. Claims 9 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the prior art as applied to claims 8 and 15, respectively above, and further in view of Sherman et al (US 3,116,229). Modified Brown et al fails to evidence tear lines in the top and side panels form a dispenser flap. Sherman et al teaches that it is known to make a carton with a perforated tear out area to facilitate easier opening of the top and dispensing of the contents. It would have been obvious to make the top of the carton in modified Brown et al with a tear out area as taught by Sherman et al to facilitate easier access to the contents.
- 6. Claim 43 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the prior art as applied to claim 42 in either paragraph 3 or 4 above, and further in view of Sherman et al (US 3,116,229). Modified Brown et al fails to evidence tear lines in the top and side panels form a dispenser flap. Sherman et al teaches that it is known to make a carton with a perforated tear out area to facilitate easier opening of the top and dispensing of the contents. It would have been obvious to make the top of the carton in modified Brown et al with a tear out area as taught by Sherman et al to facilitate easier access to the contents.
- 7. Claims 10, 11 and 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the prior art as applied to claims 9 and 16 above, and further in view of Gilchrist (US 3,533,549). Modified Brown et al fails to evidence formation of the perforated area with two sections. Gilchrist teaches that it is known to make a perforated tear out area in two sections with a finger engagement area therebetween. It would have been obvious to form the perforated tear out area

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in modified Brown et al in two sections as taught by Gilchrist to allow selective access to one side or to the entire top of the carton.

8. Claims 44 and 45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the prior art as applied to claim 43 above, and further in view of Gilchrist (US 3,533,549). Modified Brown et al fails to evidence formation of the perforated area with two sections. Gilchrist teaches that it is known to make a perforated tear out area in two sections with a finger engagement area therebetween. It would have been obvious to form the perforated tear out area in modified Brown et al in two sections as taught by Gilchrist to allow selective access to one side or to the entire top of the carton.

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. The withdrawal of the indication of allowability in light of the prior art as applied above is regretted.

Conclusion

Any inquiry related this office action or any other office action for this application should be directed to Examiner Gary Elkins at the number listed below. Normal work days are Mon-Thur, each week.

If the Examiner is unavailable and you need to talk to someone sooner, the Examiner's supervisor, Mr. Nathan Newhouse may be contacted at the number listed below.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of an application should be directed to the 3700 Technology Center Receptionist. Information regarding the status of an application may also be obtained by accessing the PAIR system. Information about the PAIR system can be obtained at the website http://pair-direct.uspto.gov or by contacting the EBC at (866) 217-9197 (toll free).

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